

§ 22.1015

mean sea level of the offshore transmitting antenna and the distance between the antenna location of the offshore transmitter and the antenna location of the main transmitter of the nearest full-service television station that transmits on the TV channel containing the channel on which the offshore station transmits.

(2) *Adjacent channel protection.* The ERP of offshore stations located within 128.8 kilometers (80 miles) of the main transmitter antenna of a full service TV station that transmits on a TV channel adjacent to the TV channel which contains the channel on which the offshore station transmits must not exceed the limits in the Table I-2 of § 22.1015. The limits depend upon the height above mean sea level of the offshore transmitting antenna and the distance between the location of the offshore transmitter and the 4.8 kilometer (3 mile) limit.

TABLE I-1.—MAXIMUM ERP (WATTS)

Distance	30 meters (100 feet)	45 meters (150 feet)	61 meters (200 feet)
338 km (210 mi) .....	1000	1000	1000
330 km (205 mi) .....	1000	900	800
2 km (200 mi) .....	800	710	630
314 km (195 mi) .....	590	520	450
306 km (190 mi) .....	450	400	330
298 km (185 mi) .....	320	280	240
290 km (180 mi) .....	250	210	175
282 km (175 mi) .....	180	150	130
274 km (170 mi) .....	175	110	100
266 km (165 mi) .....	95	80	70
258 km (160 mi) .....	65	55	50
249 km (155 mi) .....	50	40	35
241 km (150 mi) .....	35	30	25

§ 22.1015 Repeater operation.

Offshore central stations may be used as repeater stations provided that the licensee is able to maintain control of the station, and in particular, to turn the transmitter off, regardless of whether associated subscriber stations are transmitting at the time.

TABLE I-2.—MAXIMUM ERP (WATTS)

Distance from the 4.8 km (3 mi) limit	30 meters (100 feet)	61 meters (200 feet)
6.4 km (4 mi) .....	25	6
8.0 km (5 mi) .....	40	10
9.7 km (6 mi) .....	65	15
11.3 km (7 mi) .....	100	25
12.9 km (8 mi) .....	150	35

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TABLE I-2.—MAXIMUM ERP (WATTS)—  
Continued

Distance from the 4.8 km (3 mi) limit	30 meters (100 feet)	61 meters (200 feet)
14.5 km (9 mi) .....	215	50
16.1 km (10 mi) .....	295	70
17.7 km (11 mi) .....	400	100
19.3 km (12 mi) .....	530	130
20.9 km (13 mi) .....	685	170
22.5 km (14 mi) .....	870	215
24.1 km (15 mi) .....	1000	270
25.7 km (16 mi) .....	1000	415
27.4 km (17 mi) .....	1000	505
29.0 km (18 mi) .....	1000	610
30.6 km (19 mi) .....	1000	730
32.2 km (20 mi) .....	1000	865
33.8 km (21 mi) .....	1000	1000

§ 22.1025 Permissible communications.

Offshore central stations must communicate only with subscriber stations (fixed, temporary-fixed, mobile and airborne). Offshore subscriber stations must normally communicate only with and through offshore central stations. Stations in the Offshore Radiotelephone Service may communicate through relay stations authorized in this service.

§ 22.1031 Temporary fixed stations.

The FCC may, upon proper application therefor, authorize the construction and operation of temporary fixed stations in the Offshore Radiotelephone service to be used only when the service of permanent fixed stations is disrupted by storms or emergencies or is otherwise unavailable.

(a) *Six month limitation.* If it is necessary for a temporary fixed station to remain at the same location for more than six months, the licensee of that station must apply for authorization to operate the station at the specific location at least 30 days before the end of the six month period.

(b) *International communications.* Communications between the United States and Mexico must not be carried using a temporary fixed station without prior authorization from the FCC. Licensees desiring to carry such communications should apply sufficiently in advance to allow for the time necessary to coordinate with Canada or Mexico.